

Getting Started on Asset Management

Lori Blau – RCAC Karen Klocke – Washington Department of Health

Your Presenter Today

Lori Blau RCAC | Environmental Programs

Regional Field Manager, WA & OR 509-867-6636

Iblau@rcac.org



Your Presenter Today

Karen Klocke
Washington Dept. of Health
Office of Drinking Water
Capacity Development
Coordinator



WELCOME!

This material is based upon work supported by the Washington State Department of Health (DOH)

Any opinions, findings, conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of DOH.

RCAC is an equal opportunity provider and employer.



Rural Community Assistance Partnership

RCAP National Office

1701 K St. NW, Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20006 www.rcap.org

Western RCAP

Rural Community Assistance Corporation www.rcac.org

Midwestern RCAP

Midwest Assistance Program www.map-inc.org

Southern RCAP

Communities Unlimited www.communitiesu.org

Great Lakes RCAP

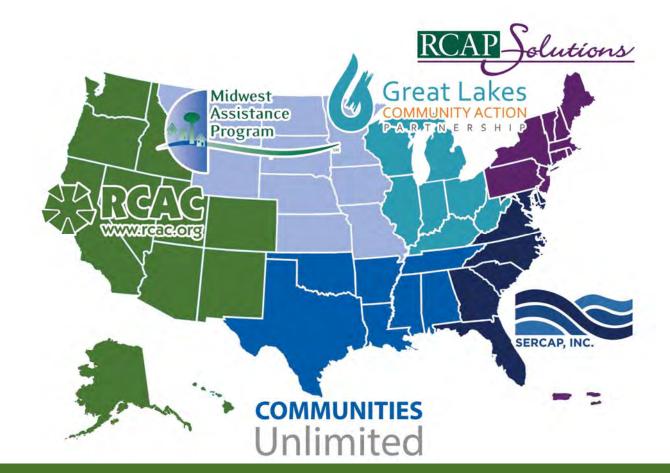
Great Lakes Community Action Partnership www.glcap.org

Southeastern RCAP

Southeast Rural Community Assistance Project www.sercap.org

Northeastern RCAP

RCAP Solutions www.rcapsolutions.org





RCAC Programs

- Affordable housing
- Loan Fund water and wastewater infrastructure financing
- Classroom and online training
- On-site and remote technical assistance
- Income surveys and rate analysis
- Rural Economic Development



RCAC is hiring!

Help make a difference in rural communities across the West. Apply today!

Our board and staff are committed to providing training, technical assistance, financial resources, and advocacy to help rural communities throughout the West achieve their goals and visions. We work in diverse and low-income communities to increase access to affordable housing and safe drinking water, promote economic opportunity and job creation, and provide financing for community and economic development projects.

https://www.rcac.org/careers/



Today's Agenda

- Introduction to Asset Management
- Six-year Budget and Reserve Accounts
- Resources



Introduction to Asset Management



What is Asset Management - the basics



Poll #1



Does your utility have an asset management program?

- Yes, and we use it
- Yes, but it does not get used
- No



Asset Management

Asset Management Definitions:

- A long-term program to attain and sustain the chosen level of service for the life of the asset in the most cost-effective manner.
- A method to incorporate system renewal into the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) and include risk management in system budgeting.

Before You Begin to Plan

Get **Key People**

Together

- Build

Your

Team

Decision makers

Community members

Utility staff

Business owners

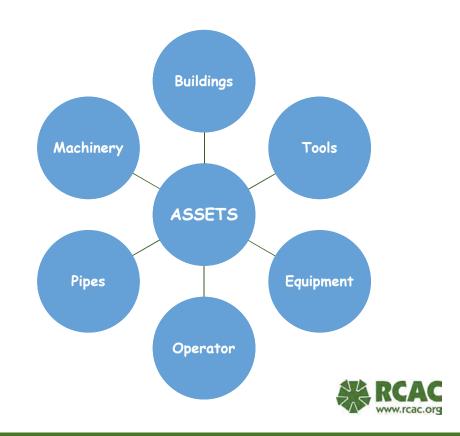
Financial staff

Who else?



What is an Asset?

All your "stuff"; pipes, pumps, computer programs, furniture, rolling stock, valves, motors, buildings...



Asset Truths

- All assets are **not** created equal
- All assets eventually fail
- > Failures directly affect system performance



AM = Risk Based Planning Process

Risk = f (Criticality x Condition)

Risk = f (Consequence of Failure x Likelihood of Failure)



AM = Risk Based Planning Process

| | | Condition | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|-----------|------|------|------|-----------|--|
| | Priority | | | | | | |
| Criticality | | Very Good | Good | Fair | Poor | Very Poor | |
| | | | 1 2 | . 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| Very Low Impact | 1 | | | | | | |
| | | 2 | | | | | |
| Low Impact | 2 | | | | | | |
| Medium Impact | 3 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| High Impact | 4 | | | | | | |
| Very High Impact | 5 | | | | | 25 | |
| | | | | | | | |



Why Is AM a Good Idea?

- Because assets are large, expensive, long-lived, and often buried
- Well maintained assets are essential to protect public health
- Economic development depends on reliable and safe water delivery



Good Management Comes With a Price...

What are the two questions you must always be able to answer?

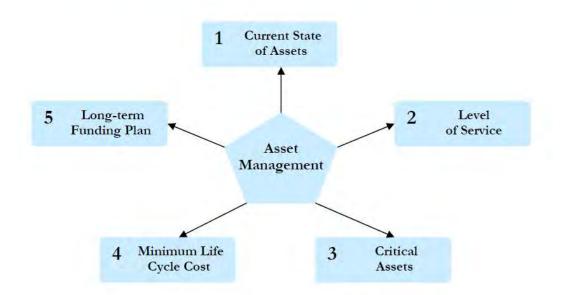
- Why are we doing this?
- What is it going to cost?

Customers don't need to "like" the answers.

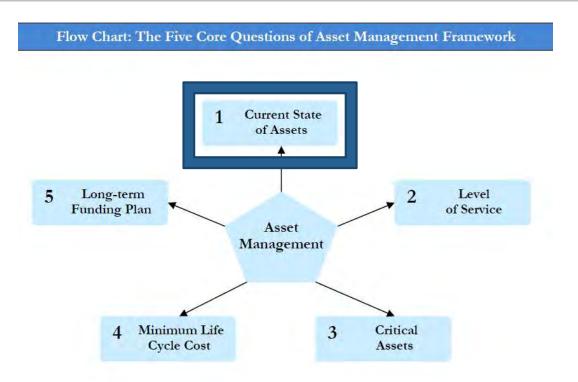


What is Asset Management

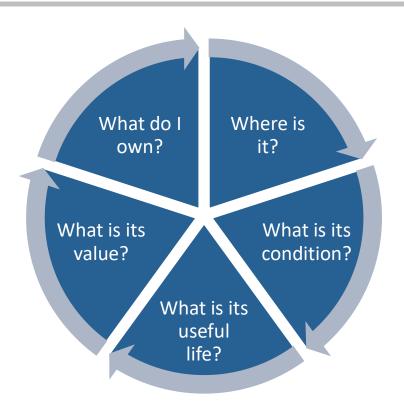
Flow Chart: The Five Core Questions of Asset Management Framework













What do we own?

- Prepare an asset inventory
- What type of asset is it?
 - Short lived generally replaced by cash
 - Long lived (Capital Asset) generally financed but can be cash replaced



Identify number/feet/type of <u>all important</u> components in your utilities

- *Year Installed
- Useful Life
- Condition
- Replacement Cost





Where is the asset located?

- Prepare a system facility map and show where assets are located
- Are they located in the "best" place?
 - Computer back ups
 - Extra vehicle keys



Collecting the data.... the biggest challenge!

- Facility Maps and Plans
- Bid/Construction documents
- "As-builts"/Record Drawings
- Walk the line
 - Wheel or pace yardage
 - Count valves, hydrants etc.
- Your experience and observation



Identify condition of assets

- ➤ Use a value system, 1 10, 1 5
- > Determine which number means immediate replacement



Assess useful life

- What is the total useful life of the asset
- Calculate the remaining useful life





Asset Management: A Handbook for Small Water Systems

One of the Simple Tools for Effective Performance (STEP) Guide Series





Introduction to the System Inventory Worksheet

The following System Inventory Worksheet will help you:

- Identify all of your system's assets;
- Record the condition of your assets;
- Record the service history of your assets:
- Determine your assets' adjusted useful lives;
- Record your assets' ages; and,
- Estimate the remaining useful life of each of your assets. Usually, there are two steps to estimating useful life:
 - Determine the expected useful life by using the manufacturer's recommendations or the estimates provided in the box to the right. Adjust these numbers based on the specific conditions and experiences of your system.
 - Calculate an adjusted useful life by taking into account the service history and current condition of your asset.

Two copies of the worksheet are provided. The first copy is followed by instructions that will help you understand how to complete it. The second worksheet is an example. Appendix A has blank worksheets that you can photocopy and use.

Estimated Useful Lives

| Asset | Expected Useful Life (in years) 35-45 | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Intake Structures | | | |
| Wells and Springs | 25-35 | | |
| Galleries and Tunnels | 30-40 | | |
| Chlorination Equipment | 10-15 | | |
| Other Treatment Equipment | 10-15 | | |
| Storage Tanks | 30-60 | | |
| Pumps | 10-15 | | |
| Buildings | 30-60 | | |
| Electrical Systems | 7-10 | | |
| Transmission Mains | 35-40 | | |
| Distribution Pipes | 35-40 | | |
| Valves | 35-40 | | |
| Blow-off Valves | 35-40 | | |
| Backflow Prevention | 35-40 | | |
| Meters | 10-15 | | |
| Service Lines | 30-50 | | |
| Hydrants | 40-80 | | |
| Lab/Monitoring Equipment | 5-7 | | |
| Tools and Shop Equipment | 10-15 | | |
| Landscaping/Grading | 40-60 | | |
| Office Furniture/Supplies | 10 | | |
| Computers | .5 | | |
| Transportation Equipment | 10 | | |

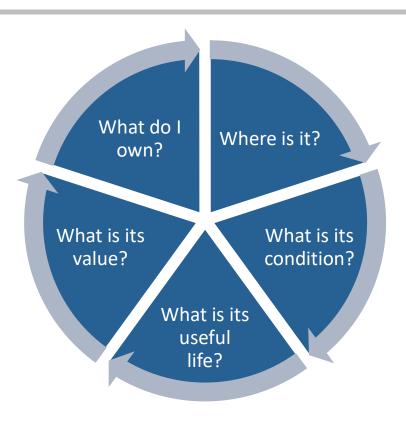
Note: These numbers are ranges of expected useful lives drawn from a variety of sources. The ranges assume that assets have been properly maintained.



Determine asset values and replacement costs

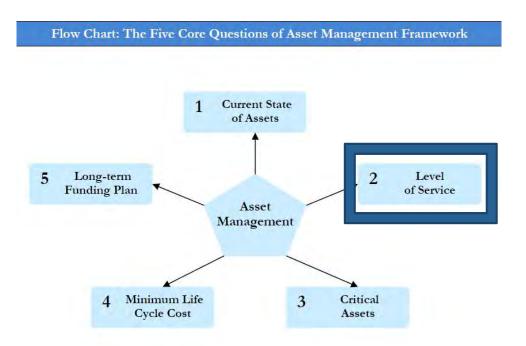
- Capital Facility Plan
- Parts suppliers
- Well drillers
- Engineering estimates







Step 2 Level of Service (LOS)





A <u>policy</u> decision to provide an "amount" of service to meet (local standards)



Financial Viability

"Sufficient funds to operate, maintain and manage a public water system, on a continuing basis, in full compliance of federal and state laws"



- No violations
- Planning requirement
- Backup generator
- Emergency plans
- Well trained personnel
- Nice truck w/emblem
- Clean facilities

- Phone answered in 3 rings
- Good water pressure
- System optimization
- Repair parts on-hand
- Proactive maintenance
- Public relations
- Adequate Rates



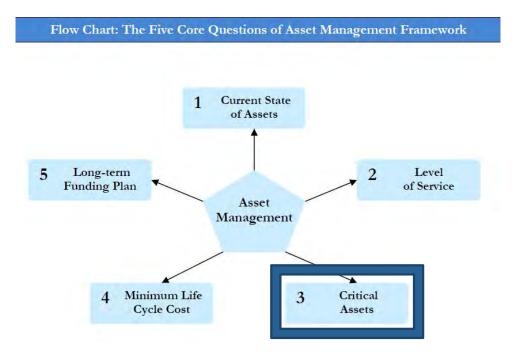
Tracking achievement

- Set criteria
- Based on adopted standards
- Meeting set standards shows customers you take this responsibility seriously











Identify importance of assets

How important is this asset? Is it critical or is it for redundancy?



Which assets are critical to sustained performance?

Conduct a Risk & Resiliency Assessment to identify vulnerability from intrusion, terrorism, storms, flooding, earthquakes...



Analyze failure consequences

Develop an **Emergency Response Plan (ERP)** to show what you are going to do about failure, who does what, phone numbers...



What's the probability of failure?

- Past history
- Age and condition
- > Trends

List assets by failure type



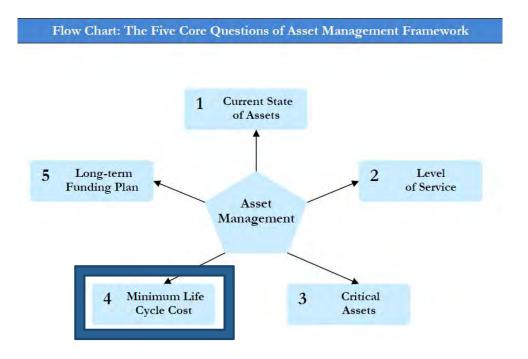
Step 3 Critical Assets: Prioritize Projects

| Multiplied | Consequence (Cost) of Failure | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | | |
| Book akilika ak | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| | 2 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | | | |
| Probability of Failure | 3 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | | | |
| railure | 4 | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | | | |
| | 5 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | | | |

| 1 | Very Low | 4 | High |
|---|----------|------|-----------|
| 2 | Low | 5 | Very High |
| 3 | Moderate | 11.0 | |



Step 4 Minimum Life Cycle Cost





Step 4 Life Cycle Phase Asset Management

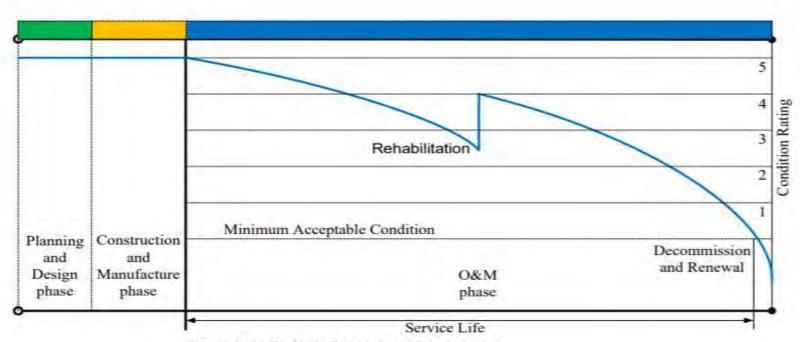
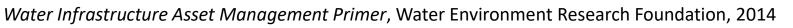


Figure 2-7. Life Cycle Phase Asset Management.





Step 4 Minimum Life Cycle Cost

Key Concepts:

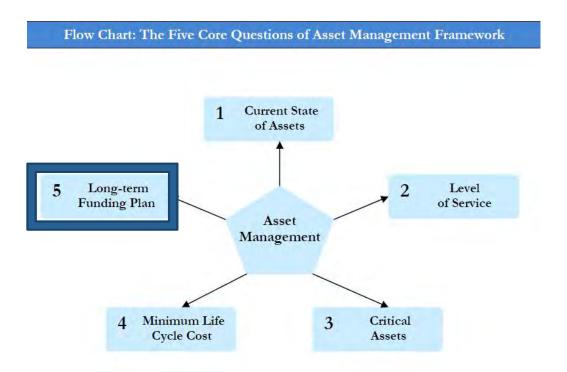
- Scheduled Maintenance
 - Reactive vs. Proactive vs. Predictive
- Recordkeeping
 - Track trends
- Planning
 - Financial
 - Contingency



Step 4 Minimum Life Cycle Cost

- 1. Move from reactive maintenance to predictive
- 2. Know costs & benefits of rehabilitation vs. replacement
- 3. Deploy resources based on asset conditions
- Analyze possible asset failures & develop specific response plans







- ✓ Inventory your assets
- ✓ Service policies
- Replacement schedule
- ☐ Determine needed reserve accounts
- ☐ Determine funding sources
- Translate the above into rates!



Determine needed reserve accounts

- Short term asset replacement
- Cash components of capital projects such as preliminary engineering or matching funds





Determine funding sources:

- Cash reserves
- Loan sources
 - Learn prioritization of funding
- Likelihood of grants
 - USDA Rural Development
 - SRF "forgiveness"
 - CDBG



Keep in touch

Prioritization for loans and grants changes

- You will need to show financial planning and "sustainability" skills
- You will need to demonstrate "stewardship" of your utilities





CREATE AND FOLLOW A BUDGET



CREATE & FUND A
DEDICATED ASSET
RESERVE



REVISE YOUR RATE STRUCTURE



ATTEND EDUCATIONAL WORKSHOPS!



6 Year Budget

Support the Asset Management Plan

- Begin with 4-year review of past actuals (min 3 yrs)
- Factual budget; 1 year (2022), 5-year projection (2023 2027)
- Budget projections include annual expenses, new loans & <u>inflation</u>
- Base budget on true expenses & reserve needs including asset management

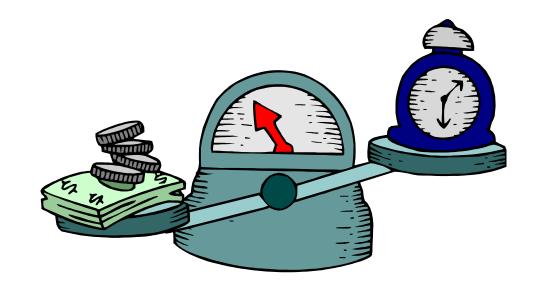


6 Year Budget - Reserves

| | Yr. 1 | Yr. 2 | Yr. 3 | Yr. 4 | Yr. 5 | Yr. 6 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Operating Reserve - Target Balance \$7,326 – Year 7 | | | | | | |
| Operating reserve beginning balance | | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,221 | \$2,442 | \$3,663 |
| Contribution to operating reserve | | | \$1,221 | \$1,221 | \$1,221 | \$1,221 |
| Operating reserve ending balance | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,221 | \$2,442 | \$3,663 | \$4,884 |
| Emergency Reserve - Target Balance \$50,000 – Year 13 | | | | | | |
| Emergency reserve beginning balance | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,000 | \$10,000 |
| Contribution to emergency reserve | | | | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 |
| Withdrawal from emergency reserve | | | | | | |
| Emergency reserve ending balance | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,000 | \$10,000 | \$15,000 |
| Short-lived Asset Reserve - Target Balance \$13,500 – Year 7 | | | | | | |
| Short-lived asset reserve beginning balance | | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,700 | \$5,400 | \$8,100 |
| Contribution to short-lived asset reserve | | | \$2,700 | \$2,700 | \$2,700 | \$2,700 |
| Withdrawal from short-lived asset reserve | \$0 | \$0 | | | | |
| Short-lived asset reserve ending balance | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,700 | \$5,400 | \$8,100 | \$10,800 |
| Long-lived Asset Reserve – Target Balance \$90,000 – Year 13 | | | | | | |
| Long-lived asset reserve beginning balance | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$9,000 | \$18,000 |
| Contribution to long-lived asset reserve | | | | \$9,000 | \$9,000 | \$9,000 |
| Withdrawal from long-lived asset reserve | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Long-lived asset reserve ending balance | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$9,000 | \$18,000 | \$27,000 |
| Long-lived Asset Replacement Funding - Target Balance \$350,000 – Year 4 | | | | | | |
| Lost Creek Loan | | | | \$175,000 | | |
| Lost Creek Grant | | | | \$175,000 | | |
| Long-lived asset reserve | | | | | | |
| Special capital improvement assessment | | | | | | |
| Total funding for long-lived asset replacement | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$350,000 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ending Cash Balance for Current Year Does not include reserve account balances. | | | | | | |
| | \$118,487 | \$221,924 | \$355,810 | \$473,514 | \$588,970 | \$702,112 |

6 Year Budget - Inflation

Inflation is the erosion of spending power caused by an increase the price of commodities and consumer goods.





6 Year Budget

- Written assumptions
- Data driven decisions
- Needed rate increases will be clearly shown
- Creates public information



Board Members & Water Rates

"Board Members have a **fiduciary duty** to assure that system revenues cover the **"true"** cost of water delivered."

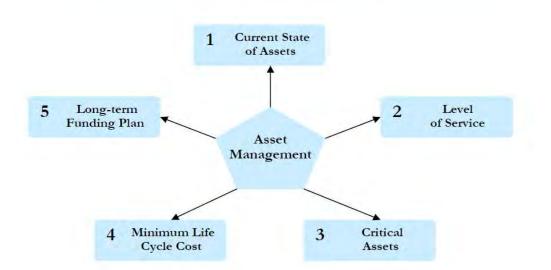
Ellen Miller

"The Water Board Bible"



What is Asset Management

Flow Chart: The Five Core Questions of Asset Management Framework





AM = Risk Based Planning Process

Risk = f (Criticality x Condition)

Risk = f (Consequence of Failure x Likelihood of Failure)



Take Away

- The AM Plan produces a "visual picture" of condition, location and replacement
- The AM Plan supports budget and rates
- There are tools and assistance to help you get started
- First step get everyone on board



Questions





Please remember to fill out the survey at the end of the conference!



For More Information

Lori Blau

Iblau@rcac.org

Karen Klocke

Karen.Klocke@DOH.wa.gov





Resources - Spreadsheet

| | В | С | D | umber of | F | G | н | | J | К | Monthly | y Cost Pe | r Unit to | 0 | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| | 8/4 | /2022 | | ctions or | 318 | Total Equity: | \$5,414,199 | C | onnection Fee: | \$17,026 | | | eserves: | \$238.87 | |
| | | | | ERUs | | Equity. | | | ree. | | Annua | | al \$\$ to Reserves: \$91 | | |
| Max Payments Occur Thru Year 4; Revenue in year 12 above listed needs: | | | \$2,255,342 Reserve Cas | | | rve Cash Applied: | | Replacement Costs over 12 years: | | S8 766 076 | | | | | |
| | Calculated Replacement Life | | | | | Calculated Equity | | | No C | alculation Replacemen | | nt Cost | | | |
| Asset and Description | Install Date | Est. Life | Critical Number | Calc Remain Life | Original Cost | Book Value Original \$\$ | Replace Cost | Infl. Rate | Accum Loss of Value (Dep) | Debt and Grants | Equity | Cash Replace | Saving Acc't Interest | Future Cost | |
| | Year | Years | 1 to 5 Tab A | Years | Cost \$ | Value \$ | Cost \$ | % | Loss \$ | Value \$ | Value \$ | х | % | Value \$ | |
| Well #8: S04 | 2002 | 50 | 2 | 30.0 | \$725,000 | \$785,658 | | 3.0% | \$523,772 | | \$785,658 | | | \$3,178,332 | |
| Well #7: S01 | 1980 | 50 | 2 | 8.0 | \$410,000 | \$227,022 | | 3.0% | \$1,191,864 | | \$227,022 | | | \$1,797,401 | |
| Well #6: S02 | 1970 | 55 | 2 | 3.0 | \$290,000 | \$73,569 | | 3.0% | \$1,275,188 | | \$73,569 | x | 0.5% | \$1,473,823 | |
| Well #8 S04: Pump & Appurtenances | 2002 | 40 | | 20.0 | \$139,500 | \$125,976 | | 3.0% | \$125,976 | | \$125,976 | | | \$455,054 | |
| Well #8 10" dia. Down well column | 2002 | 40 | 1 | 20.0 | \$45,000 | \$40,638 | | 3.0% | \$40,638 | | \$40,638 | | | \$146,792 | |
| Well #8 10" dia pump & screen | 2002 | 40 | 1 | 20.0 | \$16,000 | \$14,449 | | 3.0% | \$14,449 | | \$14,449 | | | \$52,193 | |
| Well 8 10" x 12" discharge head | 2002 | 40 | 1 | 20.0 | \$3,000 | \$2,709 | | 3.0% | \$2,709 | | \$2,709 | | | \$9,786 | |
| Well #8 Motor - 300 hp | 2018 | 20 | 1 | 16.0 | \$25,000 | \$22,510 | | 3.0% | \$5,628 | | \$22,510 | | | \$45,153 | |
| Well #8 Flow Meter 12" dia | 2002 | 30 | 4 | 10.0 | \$5,500 | \$3,311 | | 3.0% | \$6,622 | | \$3,311 | | | \$13,350 | |
| Well #8 Valves & Appurtenances | 2002 | 30 | 3 | 10.0 | \$45,000 | \$27,092 | | 3.0% | \$54,183 | | \$27,092 | | | \$109,227 | |
| Well #7 8" dia down well column | 1980 | 50 | 2 | 8.0 | \$38,000 | \$21,041 | | 3.0% | \$110,465 | | \$21,041 | | | \$166,588 | |
| Well #7 8" dia pump & screen | 1980 | 50 | 1 | 8.0 | \$12,000 | \$6,645 | | 3.0% | \$34,884 | | \$6,645 | | | \$52,607 | |
| Well #7 8" x 8" discharge head | 1980 | 45 | 2 | 3.0 | \$3,000 | \$692 | | 3.0% | \$9,690 | | \$692 | | | \$11,345 | |
| Well #7 Motor - 200 hp | 2014 | 20 | 2 | 12.0 | \$15,000 | \$11,401 | | 3.0% | \$7,601 | | \$11,401 | | | \$27,092 | |
| Well #7 Flow Meter 8" dia | 2012 | 20 | 4 | 10.0 | \$3,000 | \$2,016 | | 3.0% | \$2,016 | | \$2,016 | | | \$5,418 | |

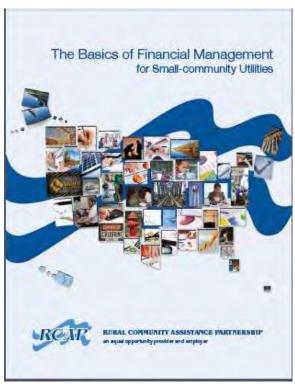


Where to find help and tools



Free guides from RCAP

https://www.rcap.org/wpcontent/uploads/2020/08/Basicsof-Financial-Management updated.pdf

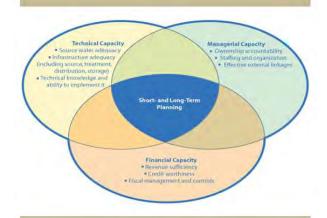




"A living document to govern the managerial, technical, and financial aspects of your water system"

https://www.doh.wa.gov/CommunityandEnvironment/DrinkingWater/WaterSystemDesignandPlanning/SmallWaterSystemMgmt

Small Water System Management Program Guide



A planning tool for community water systems to build technical, managerial, and financial capacity





Planning and Financial Viability

Water System Planning Guidebook

331-068 • Revised 8/10/2020



 https://www.doh.w a.gov/Portals/1/D ocuments/Pubs/3 31-068.pdf



EPA Asset Management Resources:

https://www.epa.gov/sustainable
-water-infrastructure/assetmanagement-water-andwastewater-utilities#resources







Asset Management for Local Officials

This guide will help you understand:

. The basics of asset management

 Local officials vital role in successfully implementing an asset manage This fact theet is intended for local officials, owners and operators of public water s

Asset management is maintaining a desired level of service, that is, what you want your crole cost. This means the best appropriate cost – not without cost. Public water system

- . Address aging water infrastructure assets before they full
- Keep assets productive, and not allow them to become disruptive liabilities. . Manimize limited financial resources by treating all decisions at investment of
- . Make costs transparent to help statify project priorities to the public.
- Asset management requires:
- Support and involvement of local officials who have the surfacity and willings personnel to maintain community assets.
- . A commitment of time and money to make cost-effective asset decisions (spe save more money over the long-term
- . A team made up of her decision makers

Improving Streets and Maintaining Infrastructure Through Asset Man

A sustainable water service delivers rafe, clean water to its customers' satisfaction while maximize their useful life. An asset management program will help you "sell your story understandable Simil systems that have simple asset management plans can benefit as complex plans. Asset management will enable your system to:

- Have more efficient and formed operations
- Choose capital projects that meet the system's true needs
- Base rates on sound operational decisions · Improve in financial health.
- Reduce environmental violations due to failed or poorly performing assets. . Improve the security and safety of infrastructure assets

A good starting point for any system are five core questions, which walk you through a stret management

- 1. What is the current state of my assets?
- Your water infrastructure assets are part of your community's total assets. A infrastructure indicates naturflicient funding of asset management.
- 2. What is my desired "sustainable" level of service? Your desired susminable level of service is the set of features that describe t
- desized level of service is the brain for justifying your interrates. Which assets are critical to sustained performance?
- Identifying critical assets will help you make decisious about resource allo-your sustainable level of service.



Asset Management: A Best Prac

This guide will help you understand

Purpos

Target Audience

- What asset management means:
 - . The benefits of asset management.
 - . Best practices in asset management.
 - . How to implement an asset management of

This guide is intended for owners, managers, and operstems, local officials, technical assistance occuride

Asset Manus

Maintsiming a desired level of service (what you want your assets to cost (best appropriate cost - not without cost)

| | Challenges faced by Public Water Systems | Lenefits of | | | |
|---|--|-------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | Aging access | | Budgets fi | | |
| | Increasing demand for services | | nustained | | |
| | Resistance to care increases. | | Financial on tound | | |
| ٠ | Dimmishing resources | 100 | Efficient : | | |
| • | Determining the best (or optimal) time to repair, replace, or renew assets. | | maintenar aid repair | | |
| • | Rising service expectations of customers. | | Ability to with a foo | | |
| | Increasingly stringent regulatory | | Improved | | |
| | requirements. | | Security as | | |

Implementing Asset Management: Five Core Qu

There are many asset management best practices that are constantly will become more familiar with these approaches as you implement program. A good starting point for any size system is the five core of framework walks you through all of the major activities associated to be implemented at the level of sophistication reasonable for a given



Building an Asset Management Team

This guide will help you understand

- How a team can help your system successfully implement asset management.
- The components of a successful asset management team

This fact theer is intended for local officials, owners and operators of public water systems, technical assistance providers, and state personnel.

Asset management requires an initial investment in time and secourses. The savings front asset management are sentired over time. Asset management in the A 1-year protect, or even a 5-year protect. It is a contamn, fundamental change in the way inflastractions assets are managed Successful asset management propriate are characterized by a commission of

- Spend time and money to intolement the program.
- Focus on making cost-effective asset decisions.
- · Provide a sustainable level of service for the comm

To achieve fair level of commitment, asset management is implemented by a team that is

- . Supported by political leaders who have the authority and willingness to commit public resources and personnel.
- . Made up of key decision makest who represent the departments involved with asset management

Freezing and Maintaining an Asset Management Culture

Taining about your tower differently can be the first step towards having a vortamable wine; system. With the imitted sentences of most system, thirling army from senting to retait and towards untiling strategy plant out leaf to red army. For example, a young not most report as unapple formula that does not consider pipe condition (e.g., explace 3 percent per year.) The saver management model formula on the long-term life cycle of an arrest and in notable of performance, not on the day-to-day aspects of the saver. It mentions a children a water system's philosophy or "doubter" distancement by:

- Changing the system's business environment.
- . Understanding that all asset decisions are investment decisions
- . Focusing on continual improvement drives by results (sustainability)

Changing the culture seques: a thampion to promote and autorinte the benefits of acree management to destino analysis tablesholders, and encolores. The changings can be su operating, manager sheeted official, or takesholder who coordinates the team is it devolopes and implements the store management program.

The team should have the authority and retources to answer the core questions that lead to asset investment decisions. An antet misnagement team

- . It famile and encourages entired thinking
- . Creates opportunities for shating ideas and information through open and transparent debate.
- . Works through problems and shares the success, not the biame.
- . Fosters an atmosphere that builds trust and develops parmenhips.
- . Uses existing elements of asset management as a basis for the program. Starts implementation during planning to achieve early gams.







Asset Management: A Handbook for Small Water Systems

One of the Simple Tools for Effective Performance (STEP) Guide Series



https://www.epa.gov/dwcapacity/ asset-management-resourcessmall-drinking-water-systems-0



Mapping:

- RCAC / RCAP GIS Mapping Project
- Google Earth Pro
- QGIS (Geographic Information System)
- □ Diamond Maps https://diamondmaps.com/





GE Pro free download

Using a desktop computer, download the free software:

https://www.google.com/earth/versions/#earth-pro



QGIS

Free, open-source Geographic Information System.

Download the software for free here: https://qgis.org/en/site/

Free EPA tutorial on how to use QGIS for water utility management:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pnwdvFug9Kc



Use your GIS or GEP model/map for:

- Asset Management
- Cross Connection Control
- Line Flushing Program
- Source Water Protection
- Legacy



Resources - Funding

Asset Management Plans can be supported by: CDBG

DOH State Revolving Fund (SRF), US Department of Agriculture Rural Development (USDA RD) and WA State Department of Ecology when tied to a project

http://infrafunding.wa.gov/downloads/Funding-Program-Summary.pdf

https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2019-03/documents/asset management initiatives document 508.pdf

